

Groups acting simply transitively on \tilde{A}_n buildings

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We study groups acting simply transitively on the vertices of \tilde{A}_n buildings. The presentations of these groups are completely characterized. In earlier work on this subject the greatly simplifying assumption was made that the groups induce a rotation of the building diagram. We do without that assumption here.

Prior to this thesis it was known that any group with a type-rotating “triangle presentation” acts simply transitively [2, 1]. The main result presented here removes the type-rotating assumption from that result. Then follow the results, with discussion, of a complete enumeration of groups acting simply transitively on \tilde{A}_2 buildings of order 2 or 3, using the main result just proved. This extends the work of [3]. Embeddings into (semidirect extensions of) linear groups of those groups found which act on linear buildings are then computed.

A type-rotating group and a non-type-rotating group acting simply transitively on a 5-adic \tilde{A}_3 building are constructed (by adapting the method of [4, pp. 120–126] rather than using the main result above). A triangle presentation for the type-rotating group is then explicitly computed.

In the course of the above, the definition of a triangle presentation currently in the literature (see for example, [2]) is improved, methods are given for obtaining non-type-rotating (respectively type-rotating) groups from type-rotating (respectively non-type-rotating) groups with certain automorphism groups, and several auxiliary results are proved which are of use when working with these groups.

The main definitions and theorem are:

DEFINITION. Let Π be a projective space of dimension $n \geq 2$, with incidence (not including equality) denoted by \sim . Let λ be an involution of Π . A set $\mathcal{T} \subset \Pi^3$ of triples of elements of Π is said to be *compatible* with λ if

- A: given $u, v \in \Pi$, then $(u, v, w) \in \mathcal{T}$ for some $w \in \Pi$ if and only if $\lambda(u) \sim v$;
- B: if $(u, v, w) \in \mathcal{T}$ then $(v, w, u) \in \mathcal{T}$;
- C: if $(u, v, w_1) \in \mathcal{T}$ and $(u, v, w_2) \in \mathcal{T}$, then $w_1 = w_2$;

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D: if $(u, v, w) \in \mathcal{T}$, then $(\lambda(w), \lambda(v), \lambda(u)) \in \mathcal{T}$;

E: if $(a, x, \lambda(b)), (b, y, \lambda(c)), (c, z, \lambda(a)) \in \mathcal{T}$ then $(x, y, z) \in \mathcal{T}$.

DEFINITION. Let Π be a projective space of dimension $n \geq 2$, let λ be an involution of Π , and let \mathcal{T} be a set of triples compatible with λ . A *triangle presentation* is a group presentation with generating set

$$\{g_x | x \in \Pi\}$$

and relations

$$g_x g_{\lambda(x)} = 1 \text{ for all } x \in \Pi$$

$$g_x g_y g_z = 1 \text{ whenever } (x, y, z) \in \mathcal{T}.$$

THEOREM. Let Π be a projective space of dimension $n \geq 2$, let λ be an involution of Π , and let \mathcal{T} be a set of triples compatible with λ . Let Γ have triangle presentation

$$\langle g_x | x \in \Pi : g_x g_{\lambda(x)} = 1 \text{ for all } x \in \Pi \text{ and } g_x g_y g_z = 1 \text{ whenever } (x, y, z) \in \mathcal{T} \rangle.$$

Then the Cayley graph of Γ with respect to the generators g_x in this presentation is the one-skeleton of an \tilde{A}_n building, on which Γ acts simply transitively. The map $x \mapsto g_x$ is a type-preserving isomorphism from Π to the residue of the vertex 1 of Δ , and $g_x g_y g_z = 1$ if and only if $(x, y, z) \in \mathcal{T}$.

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