PRESENTATION TO PROFESSOR BENEDIKT.

A very large Committee, representative of Psychiatry in every quarter of the globe, combined to do honour to Professor Benedikt on the occasion of the fortieth anniversary of his literary activity. On the 2nd of February last, at a meeting held in Professor Benedikt's house, his portrait in alto relievo was presented with the best wishes of the subscribers. In the evening of the same day a banquet was held at the Grand Hotel, and the distinguished guest of the evening was received with all the honours. Professor Benedikt's many friends in this country (and where can he go without encountering friends?) will on this occasion join most heartily in congratulating him and in wishing him long and happy days in the interests of science and good fellowship.

RESIGNATION OF DR. FLETCHER BEACH.

The resignation of the General Secretaryship by Dr. Fletcher Beach will be learned with regret by every member of the Association. This feeling will, without doubt, find full expression when the question of appointing his successor comes before the Association. In the meantime there arises the difficulty of finding a successor able and willing to undertake the responsible duties which Dr. Beach has so long and so successfully discharged.

HACK TUKE MEMORIAL.

The following	subscriptions	have l	been	received:—

orrowing ampacripments	4410	DOOLI	ICCCITCU					
						£	8.	d.
Dr. Nicolson	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	3	3	0
Dr. Langdon Down	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	1	0
Dr. J. Hutchinson	•••	•••	•••	•••		2	2	0
Dr. De Watteville	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2	2	0
Dr. Batty Tuke		•••	•••			5	5	0
Dr. H. Sutherland	•••	•••	•••		•••	1	1	0
Tuke Mennell, Esq.	•••	•••		•••	•••	2	2	0
Dr. L. A. Weatherly	·	•••	•••	•••		1	1	0
Dr. J. C. W. Cobbole	d	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	1	0
Dr. Mickle	•••	•••	•••		:	3	3	0
Dr. H. Jackson	•••	•••		•••	•••	2	2	0
Dr. Needham	•••	•••	•••		•••	3	3	0
Dr. D. Ferrier	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2	2	0
Sir B. W. Richardson		·	•••	•••	•••	1	1	0
Sir F. Russell Reyno	lds	•••	•••		•••	2	2	0
Dr. Régis	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	10	frai	1C8
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OBITUARY.

LORD BLACKBURN.

The name of the late Lord Blackburn has few recollections of a medico-legal character associated with it. But his lordship once rendered a service to the science of medical jurisprudence which ought not to be forgotten. He was trying a woman on a charge of attempted murder. She clearly knew the difference of right from wrong and the character of her act, and if the judge had charged the jury according to the letter of the answers in McNaghten's case, she would inevitably have been convicted. But Lord Blackburn, to use his own language, "felt it impossible to say that she should be punished," and so he told the jury that while McNaghten's case supplied the general rule, there

were exceptions to it. The jury at once acted on the hint by acquitting the prisoner on the ground of insanity. Many of our judges would not hesitate nowadays to treat the orthodox test of criminal responsibility in mental disease with equal freedom. But Lord Blackburn's "departure" was taken about a quarter of a century ago, when the authority of McNaghten's case was far more unchallenged than it is at the present day.

DR. ROBERT LAWSON.

We regret to have to record the death of Dr. Robert Lawson, Deputy-Commissioner in Lunacy for Scotland, after a valued service of eighteen years in that

capacity.

Dr. Lawson was born in Kirriemuir, and, in common with other members of his family, early showed a marked literary capacity. Before entering on the study of medicine, indeed, he had engaged in journalism, and throughout his life he was a devoted student of literature. Dr. Lawson took the degree of M.B. at the University of Edinburgh in 1871, and M.D. in 1888. In his student days he was well known as the maker of witty songs and the retailer of humorous stories, and his kindly, generous nature is fresh in the recollection of many faithful friends. Professor Laycock selected him as his class assistant in 1871-2, and imbued him with the shrewd and original thinking for which the

chair of medicine was then celebrated.

After practising for a short time in London, Dr. Lawson became Assistant Medical Officer at the West Riding Asylum, then at the zenith of its fame, under the direction of Sir James Crichton Browne, who valued him as one of the ablest and most agreeable assistants he ever had. His contributions to scientific medicine at that period, particularly his notable research into the "Action of Hyoscyamine," showed that Dr. Lawson combined high literary culture with scientific insight and approved method. For a short time he was Medical Superintendent of Wonford House Asylum, Exeter, from which appointment he was promoted to the onerous and responsible duties which he fulfilled until quite recently. As Deputy-Commissioner, his work led him to the most remote parts of Scotland, where he had to visit and report upon the boarded-out cases of lunacy. Quite recently the writer of these lines heard of a touching instance of his unrecorded kindliness in dealing with a somewhat troublesome case, and there can be no doubt that his generous presence will be greatly missed in many a humble home in the far north. In his annual reports Dr. Lawson gave graphic accounts of his journeyings, and strong, unprejudiced support to a mode of lunacy administration which has lately passed under some adverse and ill-informed criticism. His evidence is all the more valuable in having been presented by one who undertook the duties of Deputy-Commissioner after great experience and with a large mind.

His loss is deeply regretted by a wide circle of friends, official and personal—friends who had the advantage of knowing him in private life and recognising that he had it in his power to make a distinguished name. But he was modest and unambitious, and preferred to pursue a quiet bye-path in the great world, illumined by intimate acquaintance with the master minds of literature, and intent upon performing the work he had to do with the kindly care and sym-

pathy of his rich nature.

DR. HENRI CONTAGNE.

The death of Dr. Contagne, the medico-legal expert and lecturer on forensic medicine at Lyons, should not be allowed to pass wholely unrecorded here, since he was always warmly interested in English medical science, and especially in all that concerned the treatment and study of criminals. He was Professor Lacassagne's chief co-worker in the great French medico-legal centre, and his