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Some of these cases, at least, would probably be covered by the term "Hodgkin's disease." Mr. Treves concluded by an allusion to Dr. Köbel's paper on the "Treatment of Malignant Growth by Arsenic administered by the Mouth, and also Hypodermically."—Sir Dyce Duckworth said that Mr. Treves had observed that the glands in this class of cases were not apt to suppurate, but in his opinion they not infrequently did so. He recollected that about eight years ago, when the use of arsenic was under discussion, he had used it in such a case hypodermically, but without much benefit. He mentioned that chloride of calcium had been strongly recommended by Dr. W. Begley in the treatment of these cases. He referred Mr. Treves to the writings of Trousseau, Gowers, and Southey on the subject.

REVIEW.

ZUCKERKANDL (Graz).—On the Centre of Smell. A Comparative Anatomical Study.¹

This book has scarcely the practical interest of the former works of this well-known anatomist, but is nevertheless of scientific value, and will be read with pleasure. The aim of the work, briefly, is to prove that the imperfectly developed condition of the connective tissue in humans is shown by the extent to which the sense of smell is reduced in man. The proof of this is evident on comparison of the rudimentary human organ with the state of perfection which it attains in many animals.

MICHAEL.

OBITUARY.

HEINRICH ANDREAS BOECKER.

ONE of the best of German laryngologists, H. A. Boecker, died on March 31 last, at the early age of forty-six, from a pneumonia. Boecker was a pupil of Bruns, to whom he was laryngological and surgical assistant for a long time. He completed his studies in Vienna in 1873, at the courses of Schroetter and Stoerk, and from thence went to Berlin to practise as a specialist. From this time onwards his career was markedly successful, and he not only made a great practice but a great reputation. During his lifetime he operated upon 340 laryngeal polypi. He wrote many papers, mostly concerning laryngeal surgery, all distinguished by much diligence and sharp criticism. His early death is a great loss to laryngological science.

MICHAEL (Hamburg).

1 "Ueber das Riechcentrum." Enke, Stuttgart, 1887.