

Appendix 5

Common notations for helicity amplitudes

We list here some of the conventional notations for the helicity amplitudes in specific reactions.¹

(1) Meson–baryon scattering (Halzen and Michael, 1971):

$$H_{++} = H_{0\ 1/2;0\ 1/2} \quad H_{+-} = H_{0\ 1/2;0\ -1/2}$$

(2) Nucleon–nucleon scattering (Goldberger *et al.*, 1960):

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_1 &= H_{1/2\ 1/2;1/2\ 1/2} & \phi_3 &= H_{1/2\ -1/2;1/2\ -1/2} \\ \phi_2 &= H_{1/2\ 1/2;-1/2\ -1/2} & \phi_4 &= H_{1/2\ -1/2;-1/2\ 1/2} \\ \phi_5 &= H_{1/2\ 1/2;1/2\ -1/2}. \end{aligned}$$

(3) Baryon–baryon scattering with non-identical particles, e.g. $\Lambda p \rightarrow \Lambda p$ (Buttimore *et al.*, 1978): In addition to the five ϕ_i listed above for $NN \rightarrow NN$ one has also

$$\phi_6 = H_{1/2\ 1/2;-1/2\ 1/2}.$$

For identical particles one has $\phi_6 = -\phi_5$.

(4) Photoproduction of a pseudoscalar meson (Storrow, 1978):

$$\begin{aligned} N &= H_{0\ -1/2;1\ 1/2} & S_2 &= H_{0\ 1/2;1\ 1/2} \\ S_1 &= H_{0\ -1/2;1\ -1/2} & D &= H_{0\ 1/2;1\ -1/2}. \end{aligned}$$

(5) Vector meson production amplitudes in $0^-(1/2)^+ \rightarrow 1^-(1/2)^+$:

$$P_{\lambda\mu}^0 = H_{0\mu;0\lambda} \quad P_{\lambda\mu}^\pm = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (H_{1\mu;0\lambda} \pm H_{-1\mu;0\lambda}).$$

¹ We have not included normalization factors.

- (6) Baryon resonance production amplitudes in $0^-(1/2)^+ \rightarrow 0^-(3/2)^+$: there are four s -channel helicity amplitudes, two single-flip, one non-flip and one double-flip:

$$\begin{aligned}
 M_0 &= H_{0\,1/2;0\,1/2} = H_{0\,-1/2;0\,-1/2} & M'_1 &= H_{0\,1/2;0\,-1/2} = -H_{0\,-1/2;0\,1/2} \\
 M_1 &= H_{0\,\frac{3}{2};0\,1/2} = -H_{0\,-\frac{3}{2};0\,-1/2} & M_2 &= H_{0\,\frac{3}{2};0\,-1/2} = H_{0\,-\frac{3}{2};0\,1/2}.
 \end{aligned}$$