

Directions to Contributors

General. The *Journal of Dairy Research* publishes reports in English on all aspects of dairy science from any country. Material for publication should be sent to the Editor: Dr B. A. Rolls, Institute of Food Research, Earley Gate, Whiteknights Road, Reading RG6 2EF, UK. Receipt of all material will be acknowledged. Submission of a paper will be taken to imply that it reports original unpublished work, that it is not under consideration elsewhere, and that if accepted by the *Journal* it will not be published elsewhere in any language without the consent of the editors. Authors should indicate that they accept the conditions in Directions to Contributors. Authors of accepted articles will be asked to assign their copyright, under certain conditions, to the *Journal* to help protect their material.

Form of papers. Papers should be written in English and should as far as possible be comprehensible to the non-specialist reader. They should be concise, but without omitting necessary material, and contain sufficient detail to allow repetition of the work. Spelling should be that of the *Concise Oxford Dictionary*, Oxford: Clarendon Press. Exceptions will be indicated during technical editing. Do not hyphenate words at the end of a line unless a hyphen is to appear in the printed text.

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Authors should consult a recent issue of the *Journal of Dairy Research* to familiarize themselves with Journal conventions and layout. Attention to these and other details will speed publication.

Layout of papers. The paper should generally be divided as follows. (a) *Cover sheet* should give the title of the article, names of the authors each with one forename, together with their affiliations in any non-Cyrillic European language, a shortened version of the title of not more than 45 letters and spaces suitable as a heading, and the name and address of the author to whom correspondence and proofs should be sent. (b) A *Summary*, preferably not more than 300 words, should encapsulate the whole paper, showing clearly the new knowledge acquired. Individual results are rarely necessary. (c) The introduction, which should not have a heading, should not contain a full review of the literature, but should help the non-specialist to understand why the subject of enquiry is interesting or important, and why the authors have chosen the approach described. (d) The *Materials and Methods* section should contain adequate descriptions of procedures or appropriate references; sources of all materials (including address, with postal code) and sources or strains of animals and microorganisms should be indicated. (e) *Results* should be as concise as possible, without repetition or inclusion of irrelevant material. Tables and illustrations are expensive, and should be used efficiently. (f) The *Discussion* should not repeat the results but discuss their significance. Refer to existing or accepted knowledge in the present tense and the authors' work in the past tense; the difference in tense should clearly show the authors' contribution. A separate conclusion is not necessary, but authors should summarize their main conclusions briefly. Acknowledgements of financial support, technical assistance and so on are given in a separate paragraph without heading. It is the responsibility of the authors to ensure that

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individuals or organizations acknowledged as providing materials or otherwise are willing to be identified. (g) *References. Note.* For some types of paper, other divisions may be preferable.

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References. References should be given in the text as Brown & Jones (1987) or (Schmidt, 1985; Nakamura *et al.* 1989); the first author with *et al.* is used for papers with three or more authors. Where necessary, papers are distinguished as Lenoir (1988a), (Litov *et al.* 1990a, b). When several references appear together in the text, cite them in chronological order, and alphabetically within years. The Reference list at the end of the paper, which should begin on a fresh page, is given in strict alphabetical order. Each reference should contain authors' names, with initials (in capitals), the year, the title of the paper, the name of the journal in full, the volume and the page range. Titles of articles originally published in another language should be given in English translation, and this indicated by the use of square brackets. References to books should include the town of publication and the publisher, with editor(s) and volume and edition number where appropriate. Authors should refer to a recent issue for the format of references. (Note that the Journal uses the minimum of punctuation.) Unpublished work should be given in the text (use authors' initials and surname) and not in the Reference list. Authors are reminded that they are responsible for checking references.

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Ethics of experiments. Authors are expected to adhere to the relevant codes covering human subjects and the use of animals (*British Medical Journal* (1964) **ii**, 177–178; *Guidelines on the Use of Living Animals in Scientific Investigations* 1987 London: The Biological Council).

Revision of papers. If a paper is returned to authors for possible amendment or revision, a period of 6 months will normally be allowed. The editors are ready to consider a revised or rewritten paper at any time, but after 6 months it will be considered a new paper and given a new submission date.

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