

# Radiocarbon

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## UNIVERSITY OF BONN NATURAL RADIOCARBON MEASUREMENTS VII

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Radiocarbon measurements, mainly on soil and water samples are being continued. Benzene samples are prepared as described earlier (Scharpenseel and Pietig, 1969; 1970). Radioactivity is measured in a single quartz vial, and also with 13 specially manufactured, low background Teflon/Duraluminium vials, similar to the system described by Polach (1971, *pers commun*).

### ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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### SAMPLE DESCRIPTIONS

#### I. GROUND WATER SAMPLES

##### *A. Taiwan*

Reported here are results of ground water dating in Taiwan; 84 carbonate samples from different wells were coll using an accelerator of precipitation (Scharpenseel, Pietig, and Kruse, *in press*). Tritium concentrations were also measured. Samples coll 1971 and subm by F Pietig and E Kruse, Inst f Bodenkunde, Bonn Univ.

Sample	$^{14}\text{C}$ age
BONN-1237. Taipei, W Tanshui R, food co ( $25^{\circ} 4' \text{ N}$ , $121^{\circ} 28' \text{ E}$ )	$4680 \pm 90$ $2730 \text{ BC}$
BONN-1238. Taipei, W Tanshui R, chemical co ( $25^{\circ} 1' \text{ N}$ , $121^{\circ} 26' \text{ E}$ )	$6930 \pm 70$ $4980 \text{ BC}$
BONN-1239. Taipei, W Tanshui R, wire cable factory ( $25^{\circ} 0' \text{ N}$ , $121^{\circ} 26' \text{ E}$ )	$102.5 \pm 0.7\%$ Modern

Sample	$^{14}\text{C}$ age
BONN-1240. Ta Chiao (Kuo Hsiao) (25° 3' N, 121° 30' E)	$7120 \pm 150$ 5170 BC
BONN-1241. Yen Ping (25° 4' N, 121° 30' E)	$6830 \pm 180$ 4880 BC
BONN-1242. Ta Tung (25° 3' N, 121° 30' E)	$6380 \pm 180$ 4430 BC
BONN-1243. Cheng Yi (25° 4' N, 121° 29' E)	$6440 \pm 150$ 4490 BC
BONN-1244. Ta Tung Pei Lu (25° 3' N, 121° 29' E)	$5030 \pm 120$ 3080 BC
BONN-1245. Hsin Te (25° 4' N, 121° 28' E)	$11,380 \pm 230$ 9430 BC
BONN-1246. Kung 14 (25° 4' N, 121° 28' E)	$13,200 \pm 340$ 11,250 BC
BONN-1247. San Kuang (25° 3' N, 121° 29' E)	$4160 \pm 130$ 2210 BC
BONN-1248. San Chung (25° 4' N, 121° 29' E)	$9200 \pm 230$ 7250 BC
BONN-1249. Fu Te (25° 3' N, 121° 29' E)	$4020 \pm 150$ 2250 BC
BONN-1250. Lung Men (25° 4' N, 121° 29' E)	$9530 \pm 130$ 7580 BC
BONN-1251. Fe He (25° 1' N, 121° 29' E)	$5350 \pm 110$ 3400 BC
BONN-1251a. Miao Wei (25° 0' N, 121° 29' E)	$3880 \pm 90$ 1930 BC
BONN-1252. Electric factory (25° 0' N, 121° 29' E)	$7340 \pm 190$ 5390 BC
BONN-1253. Textile mill (25° 4' N, 121° 28' E)	$9330 \pm 160$ 7380 BC
BONN-1254. Water works (25° 0' N, 121° 27' E)	$3840 \pm 160$ 1890 BC
BONN-1255. New deep well of water works (25° 1' N, 121° 27' E)	$4650 \pm 150$ 2700 BC
BONN-1256. Paper mill Corp (25° 0' N, 121° 28' E)	$4990 \pm 270$ 3040 BC

Sample	<sup>14</sup> C age
BONN-1257. Paper mill (25° 0' N, 121° 27' E)	$4150 \pm 270$ 2200 BC
BONN-1258. Fu Jen Univ (25° 2' N, 121° 25' E)	$8270 \pm 190$ 6320 BC
BONN-1259. Chang hua, No. 68 (23° 53' N, 120° 35' E)	$109.6 \pm 0.4\%$ Modern
BONN-1260. Chang hua, No. 27 (23° 51' N, 120° 33' E)	$2500 \pm 60$ 550 BC
BONN-1261. Chang hua, No. 49 (23° 53' N, 120° 29' E)	$3410 \pm 60$ 1460 BC
BONN-1262. Chang hua, No. 12 (23° 57' N, 120° 27' E)	$4980 \pm 60$ 3030 BC
BONN-1263. Touliu, No. 383 (23° 43' N, 120° 31' E)	$2270 \pm 80$ 320 BC
BONN-1264. Touliu, No. 403 (23° 42' N, 120° 31' E)	$2260 \pm 70$ 310 BC
BONN-1265. Touliu, No. 378 (23° 41' N, 120° 13' E)	$2750 \pm 70$ 800 BC
BONN-1266. Touliu, No. 370 (23° 41' N, 120° 20' E)	$5080 \pm 110$ 3130 BC
BONN-1267. Touliu, No. 401, new well (23° 43' N, 120° 21' E)	$5610 \pm 70$ 3660 BC
BONN-1268. Tainan/Pingtung, No. 18, Dar Liao (22° 36' N, 120° 25' E)	$100.7 \pm 0.6\%$ Modern
BONN-1269. Tainan/Pingtung, Dar Liao (22° 36' N, 120° 36' E)	$104.7 \pm 0.6\%$ Modern
BONN-1270. Tser San (22° 36' N, 120° 36' E)	$880 \pm 90$ AD 1070
BONN-1271. Sin Tso 5111-1 (22° 33' N, 120° 36' E)	$350 \pm 70$ AD 1600
BONN-1272. Si Lin 5113-5 (22° 32' N, 120° 35' E)	$3110 \pm 90$ 1160 BC
BONN-1273. Lim Hon 5114-3 (22° 32' N, 120° 34' E)	$3270 \pm 70$ 1320 BC
BONN-1274. Wanlon 5113-7 (22° 31' N, 120° 35' E)	$3350 \pm 90$ 1400 BC

Sample	$^{14}\text{C}$ age
BONN-1275. Nan An 5509-2 (22° 30' N, 120° 34' E)	$3660 \pm 100$ 1710 BC
BONN-1276. Gun Tan Men 5104-1 (22° 32' N, 120° 28' E)	$102.3 \pm 0.2\%$ Modern
BONN-1277. Wan Tan 5103-1 (22° 35' N, 120° 28' E)	$7460 \pm 130$ 5510 BC
BONN-1278. Kan Din 5502-2 (22° 30' N, 120° 29' E)	$7330 \pm 130$ 5380 BC
BONN-1279. Hou Pi Tso 5505-1 (22° 31' N, 120° 30' E)	$6720 \pm 150$ 4770 BC
BONN-1280. Ta Hsiang Ying 5511-1 (22° 25' N, 120° 36' E)	$1550 \pm 90$ AD 400
BONN-1281. Chan Lon 5510-5 (22° 26' N, 120° 33' E)	$1820 \pm 130$ AD 130
BONN-1282. Tai Yuan No. 3 (22° 25' N, 120° 35' E)	$1410 \pm 100$ AD 540
BONN-1283. Yuan Tan Tsz 5207-1 (22° 55' N, 120° 29' E)	$190 \pm 50$ AD 1760
BONN-1284. Kin Cuar 5201-2 (22° 52' N, 120° 29' E)	$4900 \pm 100$ 2950 BC
BONN-1285. Peng Tso 5101-1 (22° 45' N, 120° 29' E)	$490 \pm 60$ AD 1460
BONN-1286. Tung Hai Fong 5105-5 (22° 42' N, 120° 32' E)	$730 \pm 60$ AD 1220
BONN-1287. Tsion Lang 5102-1 (22° 43' N, 120° 28' E)	$3190 \pm 70$ 1240 BC
BONN-1288. Jen Wu 123 (?)	$530 \pm 70$ AD 1420
BONN-1289. Hou Chin No. 17 (22° 43' N, 120° 17' E)	$2270 \pm 100$ 320 BC
BONN-1290. Jong San Tru 25 (22° 44' N, 120° 44' E)	$2220 \pm 90$ 270 BC
BONN-1291. E Chin Po, No. 17 (22° 44' N, 120° 18' E)	$1100 \pm 80$ AD 840
BONN-1292. W Chin Po, No. 11 (22° 44' N, 120° 18' E)	$2330 \pm 70$ 380 BC

Sample	$^{14}\text{C}$ age
BONN-1293. S Salun, No. 14 (22° 55' N, 120° 17' E)	$101.1 \pm 0.3\%$ Modern
BONN-1294. N Salun, No. 28 (22° 56' N, 120° 17' E)	$840 \pm 80$ AD 1110
BONN-1295. Kui Jen, No. 11 (22° 55' N, 120° 14' E)	$2620 \pm 80$ 670 BC
BONN-1296. Hu Shan, No. 15 (22° 56' N, 120° 12' E)	$2480 \pm 80$ 530 BC
BONN-1297. Hu Shan, No. 19 (22° 57' N, 120° 12' E)	$2360 \pm 90$ 410 BC
BONN-1298. Sin Yuan, No. 21 (22° 53' N, 120° 16' E)	$4130 \pm 90$ 2180 BC
BONN-1299. Lu Tzu, No. 15 (22° 50' N, 120° 14' E)	$1120 \pm 50$ AD 830
BONN-1300. Pen Chau, No. 19 (20° 50 N, 120° 15' E)	$1460 \pm 50$ AD 490
BONN-1701. Chiu Kui, No. 15 (22° 51' N, 120° 18' E)	$2240 \pm 60$ 290 BC
BONN-1702. Chin Jon Tza, No. 19 (22° 49' N, 120° 18' E)	$3500 \pm 60$ 1550 BC
BONN-1703. Tiou Chi Lin, No. 15 (22° 47' N, 120° 18' E)	$2400 \pm 50$ 450 BC
BONN-1704. N Kun Siu, No. 17 (22° 47' N, 120° 19' E)	$2340 \pm 60$ 390 BC
BONN-1705. S Kun Sui, No. 18 (22° 46' N, 120° 19' E)	$1800 \pm 70$ AD 150
BONN-1706. Pai Shou Tze (22° 45' N, 120° 17' E)	$1300 \pm 50$ AD 650
BONN-1707. Tainan, Wangliao, No. 11 (BONN-1707 -1718 all in S coastal plain, exact coordinates not available)	$2480 \pm 70$ 530 BC
BONN-1708. Tainan, Cheang, No. 2	$7930 \pm 80$ 5980 BC
BONN-1709. Taoyeh, No. 2	$9500 \pm 90$ 7550 BC

Sample	<sup>14</sup> C age
BONN-1710. Kanhse, No. 1	$11,640 \pm 160$ 9690 BC
BONN-1711. Liufen Liao, No. 13	$108.9 \pm 0.3\%$ Modern
BONN-1712. Tseugwen, No. 15	$1250 \pm 70$ AD 700
BONN-1713. Sanhua, No. 11	$3080 \pm 70$ 1130 BC
BONN-1714. Chiapo, No. 13	$1530 \pm 60$ AD 580
BONN-1715. Pantzeliao, No. 13	$4960 \pm 120$ 3010 BC
BONN-1716. Pantzeliao, No. 14	$6930 \pm 170$ 4980 BC
BONN-1717. Shinhua, No. 12	$4540 \pm 80$ 2590 BC
BONN-1718. Chuochia, No. 13	$1050 \pm 70$ AD 900

*Comment:* 84 ground water sources and wells are situated in 3 regions of W coastal plain of Taiwan, with heavy water consumption for irrigation and industry. Areas show alarming drop of water table as well as lowered land surface. Risk of penetration of recent percolates in well tubings, inherent to monsoon climate with much precipitation, had to be accepted, but is not estimated too great.

The basin of Taipei, BONN-1236 to -1258 harbors oldest water of region, recharged from the andesite heights in the N, Pleistocene sediments in the W, and the young Tertiary sediments in the S and E. Flow speed, calculated from isochrone distances is very low (< 1m/yr).

The coastal plain of the Choshui River Alluvial Fan, BONN-1259 to -1267 reveals 2 isochronous ground water lines of ca 2250 and 5250 yr <sup>14</sup>C age, respectively. The NW-NE directed drainage shows a flow speed of ca 5m/yr.

The S tip of the coastal plain, BONN-1259 to -1718 (Chianan-Tainan-Pingtung-plain) is distinguished by the only slightly moving ground water of the depression in the Akungtien Reservoir region. Yet the SW flow (ca 3m/yr) of the water of the Pingtung plain syncline, in which NE-SW directed isochrones of ca 3300 and 7300 yr of <sup>14</sup>C age can be distinguished. Dates may supply some new information for water management of the regions.

*B. Eifel maar lake*

These dates belong to water of volcanic maar lakes. Subhydric soil (gyttja) profiles of these lakes were also studied (R, 1973, v 15, p 267-271; see below: II. Subhydric soils).

		$1730 \pm 90$
BONN-1719.	Schalkenmehrer Maar, S Eifel (50° 9.5' N, 6° 51' E)	AD 220
BONN-1720.	Laacher See, S Eifel (50° 25' N, 7° 16' E)	$13,560 \pm 150$ 11,610 BC
BONN-1721.	Meerfelder Maar, S Eifel (50° 6' N, 6° 45.5' E)	$730 \pm 90$ AD 1220
BONN-1722.	Pulvermaar, E Eifel (50° 8' N, 6° 55' E)	$136.6 \pm 0.5\%$ Modern

*Comment:* volcanic maar lakes, except Pulvermaar, especially lake of Laach, seem to be influenced by dead CO<sub>2</sub> of volcanic origin. For lake of Laach estimates of Homann (1968) are 460 to 480 m<sup>3</sup>/day. The Pulvermaar contains largely modern surface water.

## II. SUBHYDRIC SOILS, GYTTJA

*A. Laach*

Lake of Laach is not considered a typical maar lake, since craters of the huge gas explosion are numerous, scattered in the lake and the surrounding tuffaceous wall. Laach trachyt ashes are time marker of extraordinary importance for Alleröd age. Maximum depth of lake is 53m.

BONN-1572.	Lake of Laach, Profile I, (Barschrücke) depth 10.30 to 12.80m, gyttja 12.1% C, 10 to 30cm.	$10,710 \pm 140$ 8760 BC
BONN-1573.	15.0% C, 30 to 48cm	$11,930 \pm 280$ 9980 BC
BONN-1574.	14.4% C, 48 to 62cm	$11,820 \pm 100$ 9870 BC
BONN-1575.	8.6% C, 62 to 70cm	$17,550 \pm 310$ 15,600 BC
BONN-1576.	3.6% C, 70 to 82cm	$18,680 \pm 250$ 16,730 BC
BONN-1578.	1.5% C, 90 to 100cm	$21,520 \pm 940$ 19,570 BC
BONN-1579.	1.2% C, 100 to 110cm	$17,300 \pm 490$ 15,350 BC

BONN-1580.	1.9% C, 110 to 120cm	$17,470 \pm 500$ 15,520 BC
BONN-1581.	1.7% C, 120 to 130cm	$20,070 \pm 410$ 18,120 BC
BONN-1582.	1.5% C, 130 to 140cm	$19,070 \pm 800$ 17,120 BC
BONN-1583.	0.7% C, 140 to 150cm	$23,010 \pm 460$ 21,060 BC
BONN-1584.	1.4% C, 150 to 160cm	$21,780 \pm 620$ 19,830 BC
BONN-1585.	1.7% C, 160 to 170cm	$16,790 \pm 640$ 14,840 BC
BONN-1586.	1.8% C, 170 to 180cm	$19,230 \pm 600$ 17,280 BC
BONN-1587.	1.6% C, 180 to 190cm	$20,490 \pm 910$ 18,540 BC
BONN-1588.	1.7% C, 190 to 200cm	$18,650 \pm 650$ 16,700 BC
BONN-1589.	0.5% C, 200 to 220cm	$17,940 \pm 380$ 15,990 BC
BONN-1590.	1.4% C, 220 to 240cm	$22,530 \pm 640$ 20,580 BC
BONN-1591.	Lake of Laach, Profile II (Alte Burg) depth 16.70 to 18.90m, gyttja, 12.5% C, 2 to 19cm	$9000 \pm 90$ 7050 BC
BONN-1592.	10.9% C, 19 to 30cm	$9680 \pm 130$ 7730 BC
BONN-1593.	11.3% C, 30 to 57cm	$10,170 \pm 140$ 8220 BC
BONN-1594.	7.8% C, 57 to 71cm	$6770 \pm 100$ 4820 BC
BONN-1595.	12.0% C, 71 to 89cm	$8000 \pm 90$ 6050 BC
BONN-1596.	13.5% C, 89 to 100cm	$6970 \pm 90$ 5020 BC
BONN-1597.	16.8% C, 100 to 108cm	$7390 \pm 100$ 5440 BC

BONN-1598.	15.5% C, 108 to 120cm	$8170 \pm 100$ 6220 BC
BONN-1599.	16.7% C, 120 to 131cm	$8340 \pm 140$ 6390 BC
BONN-1600.	16.4% C, 131 to 141cm	$13,460 \pm 180$ 11,510 BC
BONN-1601.	7.8% C, 141 to 147cm	$17,390 \pm 290$ 15,440 BC
BONN-1602.	11.8% C, 147 to 155cm	$20,500 \pm 380$ 18,550 BC
BONN-1603.	16.4% C, 155 to 163cm	$17,720 \pm 370$ 15,770 BC
BONN-1604.	1.7% C, 163 to 170cm	$17,860 \pm 610$ 15,910 BC
BONN-1607.	2.0% C, 190 to 200cm	$19,410 \pm 480$ 17,460 BC
BONN-1609.	Lake of Laach, Profile III ("Im Haferstück" near camping ground), depth 9.80 to 12.00m, gyttja, 8.2% C, 10 to 45cm	$11,360 \pm 220$ 9410 BC
BONN-1610.	10.1% C, 45 to 64cm	$9880 \pm 420$ 7930 BC
BONN-1611.	8.6% C, 64 to 80cm	$10,230 \pm 130$ 8280 BC
BONN-1612.	9.1% C, 80 to 90cm	$9150 \pm 240$ 7200 BC
BONN-1613.	13.6% C, 90 to 101cm	$9810 \pm 240$ 7860 BC
BONN-1614.	9.8% C, 101 to 113cm	$9300 \pm 120$ 7350 BC
BONN-1616.	3.0% C, 130 to 144cm	$17,980 \pm 320$ 16,030 BC
BONN-1617.	4.4% C, 144 to 155cm	$18,900 \pm 320$ 16,950 BC
BONN-1618.	3.4% C, 155 to 167cm	$14,550 \pm 290$ 12,600 BC
BONN-1619.	3.4% C, 167 to 180cm	$22,070 \pm 440$ 20,120 BC

BONN-1620.	2.6% C, 180 to 190cm	$17,620 \pm 410$ 15,670 BC
BONN-1621.	2.9% C, 190 to 200cm	$18,780 \pm 310$ 16,830 BC
BONN-1622.	7.3% C, 200 to 220cm	$19,360 \pm 370$ 17,410 BC
BONN-1623.	Lake of Laach, Profile IV ("Am Segelhafen"), depth 20 to 20.30m. gyttja, 5.1% C, 50 to 69cm	$6090 \pm 90$ 4140 BC
BONN-1624.	4.9% C, 69 to 86cm	$6020 \pm 90$ 4070 BC
BONN-1625.	7.3% C, 86 to 104cm	$7830 \pm 110$ 5880 BC
BONN-1626.	8.0% C, 104 to 117cm	$9310 \pm 140$ 7360 BC
BONN-1627.	8.4% C, 117 to 130cm	$8710 \pm 120$ 6760 BC
BONN-1628.	13.6% C, 130 to 144cm	$10,450 \pm 140$ 8500 BC
BONN-1629.	15.4% C, 147 to 160cm	$10,240 \pm 130$ 8290 BC
BONN-1630.	15.2% C, 160 to 170cm	$10,700 \pm 140$ 8750 BC
BONN-1631.	15.0% C, 170 to 180cm	$6210 \pm 70$ 4260 BC
BONN-1633.	14.0% C, 190 to 200cm	$6540 \pm 100$ 4590 BC
BONN-1634.	12.4% C, 200 to 220cm	$7710 \pm 90$ 5760 BC
BONN-1636.	13.3% C, 220 to 230cm	$9180 \pm 130$ 7230 BC
BONN-1637.	Lake of Laach, Profile V, (near bathing strip of monastery), depth 15.20 to 16.50m, gyttja, 10.5% C, 120 to 160cm	$13,110 \pm 140$ 11,160 BC
BONN-1638.	11.6% C, 160 to 170cm	$17,790 \pm 370$ 15,840 BC
BONN-1639.	10.4% C, 170 to 185cm	$20,130 \pm 300$ 18,180 BC

BONN-1640.	8.4% C, 185 to 200cm	$18,760 \pm 270$ 16,810 BC
BONN-1641.	6.8% C, 200 to 225cm	$17,270 \pm 330$ 15,320 BC
BONN-1643.	3.0% C, 225 to 250cm	$19,770 \pm 530$ 17,820 BC

Samples coll and subm 1971 by H W Scharpenseel, W Kerpen, H Gewehr, H Schiffmann, and C Haupenthal, Inst Bodenkunde, Bonn Univ ( $50^{\circ} 25' N$ ,  $7^{\circ} 16' E$ ). Comment: cores of gyttja sediment were taken with the aid of case lot of 250cm length. Sampling positions were selected, where echo sounder records indicated slightly thicker gyttja layers on top of the lacustrine clay and the underlying tuffaceous material. Very high  $^{14}C$  ages necessitated check on  $^{14}C$  age of water itself. Water sample, obtained near sampling spot of Profile V (this list, BONN-1720) was deficient in  $^{14}C$  because of addition of dead  $CO_2$  of volcanic origin. Maximum  $^{14}C$  ages observed in Profiles I, II, III, V are  $>20,000$  yr. Profile IV, showing highest  $^{14}C$  age of 10,700 yr only, reveals heterogeneity of lake water with regard to dead carbon burden. Attempts at correcting gyttja age on basis of water date are futile due to inconsistency of dead, volcanic  $CO_2$  supply throughout millennia after original gas explosions, as well as to formation of gyttja organics by surrounding terrestrial vegetation. Profile IV, W of ca  $4\text{ km}^2$  lake surface, in nearly maximum distance from hitherto observed  $CO_2$  exists, should come close to non-contaminated C-residence time of gyttja. Variation of age gradient with depth in gyttja sediments reflects mixing and translocation of subsurface currents, methane, and eventually  $CO_2$  bubbles.

#### B. Meerfelder Maar

The lake, Meerfelder Maar, owes its maar-like shape to a combination of gas eruption and, particularly, the following collapse of the crater zone into the present day deeper valley with a rather shallow maar lake in the center. Its maximum depth is only 17m. Rich aquatic vegetation has produced a muddy, rapidly growing cover a gyttja over the sandstone bedrock.

BONN-1820.	Meerfelder Maar, Profile I, SW part of lake, depth 14.00 to 15.60m, gyttja, 6.8% C, 0 to 14cm	$1740 \pm 70$ AD 210
BONN-1821.	8.6% C, 14 to 32cm	$2920 \pm 80$ 970 BC
BONN-1822.	3.8% C, 32 to 42cm	$2170 \pm 80$ 220 BC
BONN-1823.	6.8% C, 42 to 59cm	$2380 \pm 80$ 430 BC

BONN-1824.	11.5% C, 59 to 68cm	$2550 \pm 80$ 600 BC
BONN-1825.	4.8% C, 68 to 74cm	$2010 \pm 90$ 60 BC
BONN-1826.	5.0% C, 74 to 83cm	$2670 \pm 110$ 720 BC
BONN-1827.	6.5% C, 83 to 97cm	$1870 \pm 70$ AD 80
BONN-1828.	21.8% C, 97 to 106cm	$6800 \pm 100$ 4850 BC
BONN-1829.	7.5% C, 106 to 117cm	$2280 \pm 80$ 330 BC
BONN-1830.	9.8% C, 117 to 128cm	$2440 \pm 110$ 490 BC
BONN-1831.	13.8% C, 128 to 132cm	$4520 \pm 100$ 2570 BC
BONN-1832.	22.8% C, 132 to 150cm	$3770 \pm 80$ 1820 BC
BONN-1818.	12.7% C, 150 to 160cm	$5630 \pm 90$ 3680 BC
BONN-1833.	Meerfelder Maar, Profile 2, WSW part of lake, depth 15.00 to 16.20m, gyttja, 18% C, 0 to 20cm	$2980 \pm 80$ 1030 BC
BONN-1834.	19.5% C, 20 to 40cm	$2840 \pm 70$ 890 BC
BONN-1835.	25.9% C, 40 to 60cm	$3440 \pm 110$ 1490 BC
BONN-1836.	29.7% C, 60 to 80cm	$3510 \pm 120$ 1560 BC
BONN-1837.	30.4% C, 80 to 100cm	$3530 \pm 100$ 1580 BC
BONN-1838.	21.3% C, 100 to 120cm	$9140 \pm 120$ 7190 BC
BONN-1839.	Meerfelder Maar, Profile 3, W part of lake, depth 14.00 to 15.70m, gyttja, 15.0% C, 0 to 12cm	$2900 \pm 70$ 950 BC
BONN-1840.	27.3% C, 12 to 26 cm	$3100 \pm 110$ 1150 BC

BONN-1841.	34.4% C, 26 to 43cm	3480 ± 60 1530 BC
BONN-1842.	30.4% C, 43 to 55cm	3400 ± 70 1450 BC
BONN-1843.	23.7% C, 55 to 64cm	3380 ± 80 1430 BC
BONN-1844.	36.8% C, 64 to 83cm	3140 ± 70 1190 BC
BONN-1845.	17.5% C, 83 to 101 cm	5060 ± 70 3110 BC
BONN-1846.	21.3% C, 101 to 109cm	5410 ± 90 3460 BC
BONN-1847.	17.5% C, 109 to 120cm	6150 ± 90 4200 BC
BONN-1848.	18.7% C, 120 to 140cm	6210 ± 90 4260 BC
BONN-1849.	14.5% C, 140 to 170cm	7380 ± 90 5430 BC
BONN-1850.	Meerfelder Maar, Profile 4, NW part of lake, depth 10.00 to 11.75m, gyttja, 13.5% C, 0 to 18cm	2100 ± 70 150 BC
BONN-1851.	11.0% C, 18 to 38cm	2260 ± 70 310 BC
BONN-1852.	19.7% C, 38 to 56cm	2470 ± 70 520 BC
BONN-1853.	30.0% C, 56 to 72cm	3340 ± 110 1390 BC
BONN-1854.	28.5% C, 72 to 92cm	4150 ± 80 2200 BC
BONN-1855.	27.5% C, 92 to 105cm	4060 ± 110 2110 BC
BONN-1856.	27.0% C, 105 to 130cm	4480 ± 80 2530 BC
BONN-1857.	28.0% C, 130 to 137cm	4770 ± 100 2820 BC
BONN-1858.	18.8% C, 137 to 145cm	5020 ± 80 3070 BC

BONN-1859.	17.5% C, 145 to 175cm	$5550 \pm 90$ 3600 BC
BONN-1860.	Meerfelder Maar, Profile 5, N part of lake, 10.00 to 11.60m depth, gyttja, 11.0% C, 0 to 30cm	$2440 \pm 70$ 490 BC
BONN-1861.	8.2% C, 30 to 47cm	$1720 \pm 70$ AD 230
BONN-1862.	8.5% C, 47 to 62cm	$1990 \pm 70$ 40 BC
BONN-1863.	3.7% C, 62 to 70cm	$2240 \pm 70$ 290 BC
BONN-1864.	7.3% C, 70 to 90cm	$2080 \pm 140$ 130 BC
BONN-1865.	12.5% C, 90 to 110cm	$2440 \pm 70$ 490 BC
BONN-1866.	25.8% C, 110 to 130cm	$2620 \pm 70$ 670 BC
BONN-1867.	25.0% C, 130 to 160cm	$3520 \pm 80$ 1570 BC
BONN-1868.	Meerfelder Maar, Profile 6, E part of lake, 7.00 to 8.40m depth, gyttja, 23.0%, 0 to 6cm	$2630 \pm 110$ 680 BC
BONN-1869.	20.5% C, 6 to 21cm	$2800 \pm 70$ 850 BC
BONN-1870.	9.5% C, 21 to 35cm	$2640 \pm 70$ 690 BC
BONN-1871.	7.8% C, 35 to 51cm	$1290 \pm 70$ AD 660
BONN-1872.	11.5% C, 51 to 67cm	$1810 \pm 60$ AD 140
BONN-1873.	7.8% C, 67 to 88cm	$2390 \pm 70$ 440 BC
BONN-1874.	9.7% C, 88 to 98cm	$2480 \pm 70$ 530 BC
BONN-1875.	14.3% C, 98 to 111cm	$2630 \pm 80$ 680 BC
BONN-1876.	36.7% C, 111 to 140cm	$4050 \pm 80$ 2100 BC

Samples coll and subm 1972 by H W Scharpenseel, H Gewehr, and K Kirsche, Inst Bodenkunde, Bonn Univ ( $50^{\circ} 6' N$ ,  $6^{\circ} 45.5' E$ ). *Comment:* organic matter, adjacent to underlying tuffaceous material, from deep bore holes, produced radiocarbon dates of 10,950 yr; palynologic evaluation suggested 11,350 yr for the volcanic event (Erlenkäuser *et al.*, 1970). Lake water, itself, produces a radiocarbon age of 730 yr (this list, BONN-1721), may be caused by some volcanogenic, dead  $CO_2$  or by influx of older, fossil water from the bottom through underground cleaves, traceable with the echosounder. Still, the oldest ages of core fractions lag considerably behind the dates of Erlenkäuser *et al.* During the summer, water gets highly turbid, caused by intensive growth of green and red algae and aquatic plants. Most of the upper 30 to 60cm of gyttja were quite muddy and soft, while some of the deeper lying substance had a rather compact or almost peaty character. Relics of beach leaves, found in some of the middle samples indicated rather young age of corresponding material. Gaps between maximum dates of gyttja fractions (Profile 1 = 6800 yr; 2 = 9140 yr; 3 = 7380 yr; 4 = 5550 yr; 5 = 3520 yr; 6 = 4050 yr); and dates of organic material on top of tuff and bedrock, dated by Erlenkäuser *et al.*, could be attributed to the organic matter, embedded in the rather impervious lacustrine clay, between gyttja and tuffaceous material or bedrock. This clay was partly quite compacted; penetration of the case lot was so difficult, that under pressure of lead weight, the case became twisted and inclined, losing its vertical position. Particularly in the shallower parts of the maar, eg, in the sectors of Profiles 5 and 6, (N and E part of lake) the softer gyttja in the earlier phase of sedimentation, must have slipped into deeper ground. This could explain the young age throughout Cores 5 and 6. Results are part of a joint program for over-all exploration of Meerfelder Maar's properties.

#### *C. Pulvermaar (Gillenfelder Maar)*

The Pulvermaar is an ideal maar kettle with an almost circular maar lake in the center. The Pulvermaar lake is the deepest of all Eifel maars and the deepest German lake outside the Alp region. Its depth is 74m in most of the lake area. The water is very clear with little aquatic vegetation. Completely wooded surroundings assures a certain supply of leaf droppings from terrestrial vegetation to the lake ground.

BONN-1877.	Pulvermaar, Profile 1, in front of parking lane, between camping ground and official beach, 62 to 64m depth, gyttja, 10.5% C, 0 to 27cm	$2120 \pm 70$ 170 BC
BONN-1878.	6.0% C, 27 to 38cm	$2500 \pm 100$ 550 BC
BONN-1879.	8.3% C, 38 to 48cm	$3240 \pm 80$ 1290 BC

BONN-1880.	22.0% C, 48 to 62cm	$3470 \pm 110$ 1520 BC
BONN-1881.	19.0% C, 62 to 75cm	$3820 \pm 80$ 1870 BC
BONN-1882.	32.3% C, 75 to 81cm	$3780 \pm 80$ 1830 BC
BONN-1883.	34.0% C, 81 to 95cm	$4700 \pm 80$ 2750 BC
BONN-1884.	38.7% C, 95 to 99cm	$4140 \pm 100$ 2190 BC
BONN-1885.	25.5% C, 99 to 113cm	$5100 \pm 120$ 3150 BC
BONN-1886.	26.1% C, 113 to 129cm	$5200 \pm 110$ 3250 BC
BONN-1887.	28.0% C, 129 to 148cm	$4720 \pm 80$ 2770 BC
BONN-1888.	31.2% C, 148 to 150cm	$7610 \pm 230$ 5660 BC
BONN-1889.	33.8% C, 150 to 169cm	$6640 \pm 150$ 4690 BC
BONN-1890.	21.7% C, 169 to 180cm	$7470 \pm 150$ 5520 BC
BONN-1891.	21.0% C, 180 to 200cm	$8040 \pm 120$ 6090 BC
BONN-1892.	Pulvermaar, Profile 2, between camping ground and sandbank, 72 to 74m, gyttja, 7.3% C, 0 to 24cm	$1440 \pm 70$ AD 510
BONN-1893.	28.7% C, 24 to 37cm	$2140 \pm 70$ 190 BC
BONN-1894.	11.7% C, 37 to 51cm	$2440 \pm 70$ 490 BC
BONN-1895.	13.2% C, 51 to 62cm	$2390 \pm 80$ 440 BC
BONN-1896.	6.0% C, 62 to 68cm	$2940 \pm 100$ 990 BC
BONN-1897.	13.2% C, 68 to 81cm	$4580 \pm 80$ 2630 BC

		4800 ± 100
BONN-1898.	32.6% C, 81 to 95cm	2850 BC
		5360 ± 90
BONN-1899.	30.0% C, 95 to 115cm	3410 BC
		4940 ± 90
BONN-1900.	28.5% C, 115 to 126cm	2990 BC
		4710 ± 80
BONN-1901.	35.5% C, 126 to 138cm	2760 BC
		5660 ± 90
BONN-1902.	33.8% C, 138 to 146cm	3710 BC
		6720 ± 110
BONN-1903.	28.8% C, 146 to 176cm	4770 BC
BONN-1904.	Pulvermaar, Profile 3, in front of quarry, 72 to 74m depth, gyttja, 10.9% C, 0 to 10cm	1870 ± 90 AD 80
		1560 ± 70
BONN-1905.	28.8% C, 10 to 21cm	AD 390
		1960 ± 90
BONN-1906.	13.9% C, 21 to 30cm	10 BC
		2080 ± 70
BONN-1907.	10.1% C, 30 to 45cm	130 BC
		1720 ± 70
BONN-1908.	10.9% C, 45 to 56cm	AD 230
		2400 ± 70
BONN-1909.	11.3% C, 56 to 65cm	450 BC
		2530 ± 70
BONN-1910.	9.7% C, 65 to 71cm	580 BC
		2600 ± 70
BONN-1911.	5.3% C, 71 to 79cm	650 BC
		2410 ± 70
BONN-1912.	13.1% C, 79 to 91cm	460 BC
		3440 ± 70
BONN-1913.	29.6% C, 91 to 111cm	1490 BC
		3400 ± 70
BONN-1914.	23.2% C, 111 to 140cm	1450 BC
		5360 ± 180
BONN-1915.	28.5% C, 140 to 170cm	3410 BC

BONN-1916.	31.5% C, 170 to 185cm	$6420 \pm 180$ 4470 BC
BONN-1917.	Pulvermaar, Profile 4, lake center, 74 to 76m depth, gyttja, 5.7% C, 0 to 18cm	$1650 \pm 100$ AD 300
BONN-1918.	9.8% C, 18 to 24cm	$730 \pm 70$ AD 1220
BONN-1919.	7.0% C, 24 to 39cm	$880 \pm 150$ AD 1070
BONN-1920.	39 to 49cm	$890 \pm 70$ AD 1060
BONN-1921.	49 to 64cm	$730 \pm 70$ AD 1220
BONN-1922.	64 to 81cm	$1310 \pm 70$ AD 640
BONN-1923.	81 to 88cm	$1730 \pm 60$ AD 220
BONN-1924.	88 to 106cm	$2210 \pm 70$ 260 BC
BONN-1925.	106 to 121cm	$2610 \pm 70$ 660 BC
BONN-1926.	121 to 127cm	$3690 \pm 70$ 1740 BC
BONN-1927.	19.1% C, 127 to 142cm	$3000 \pm 70$ 1050 BC
BONN-1928.	26.7% C, 142 to 153cm	$3310 \pm 70$ 1360 BC
BONN-1929.	22.9% C, 153 to 163cm	$3760 \pm 90$ 1810 BC
BONN-1930.	3.5% C, 163 to 200cm	$4980 \pm 80$ 3030 BC
BONN-1931.	Pulvermaar, Profile 5, in front of public beach (Badeanstalt), 72 to 74m depth gyttja, 7.9% C, 0 to 27cm	$1280 \pm 60$ AD 670
BONN-1932.	5.6% C, 27 to 42cm	$1300 \pm 60$ AD 650
BONN-1933.	6.4% C, 42 to 53cm	$1860 \pm 70$ AD 90

BONN-1934.	10.2% C, 53 to 60cm	$1040 \pm 70$ AD 910
BONN-1935.	14.7% C, 60 to 67cm	$1150 \pm 70$ AD 800
BONN-1936.	23.2% C, 67 to 78cm	$1810 \pm 60$ AD 140
BONN-1937.	12.4% C, 78 to 95cm	$2090 \pm 60$ 140 BC
BONN-1938.	13.2% C, 95 to 105cm	$2490 \pm 70$ 540 BC
BONN-1939.	7.5% C, 105 to 109cm	$3090 \pm 70$ 1140 BC
BONN-1940.	8.3% C, 109 to 114cm	$2910 \pm 80$ 960 BC
BONN-1941.	21.0% C, 114 to 131cm	$2750 \pm 70$ 800 BC
BONN-1942.	18.8% C, 131 to 135cm	$3450 \pm 90$ 1500 BC
BONN-1943.	23.7% C, 135 to 144cm	$4240 \pm 100$ 2290 BC
BONN-1944.	35.7% C, 144 to 156cm	$4050 \pm 80$ 2100 BC
BONN-1945.	32.5% C, 156 to 160cm	$5170 \pm 180$ 3220 BC
BONN-1946.	27.4% C, 160 to 173cm	$4860 \pm 100$ 2910 BC
<b>BONN-1947. 33.8% C, 173 to 203cm</b>		<b><math>5140 \pm 80</math></b> <b>3190 BC</b>

Samples coll and subm 1972 by H W Scharpenseel, H Gewehr, and K Kirsche (50° 8' N, 6° 55' E). *Comment:*  $^{14}\text{C}$  dates of deepest organic matter in contact with tuff and bedrock, publ by Erlenkäuser *et al* (1970; 1972) date maar producing volcanic events to 11,300 yr, with palynologic estimates of 10,150 yr. Lake water in Pulvermaar, based on surface near sample, taken close to site of Profile 5, is modern (this list, BONN-1722). From local rainfall and evaporation, the water balance is positive and no visible influx nor outflow exists. Failure of the water level to rise correspondingly suggests subterranean water losses. All profiles are taken in deep water. Due to steep lake bottom, >70m depth,

<b>BONN-1957.</b>	Wood, Huaca Chotura, dist Lambayeque, to date pre-Spanish pyramid (6° 30' S, 79° 40' W).	$720 \pm 70$ <b>AD 1230</b>
<b>BONN-1958.</b>	Wood, Huaca Chotuna, dist Lambayeque, to date pre-Spanish pyramid (6° 30' S, 79° 40' W).	$590 \pm 70$ <b>AD 1360</b>
<b>BONN-1959.</b>	Charcoal, Quebrada de la Vaca, dist Chala, to date pre-Spanish settlement (15° 48' S, 74° 24' W).	$960 \pm 80$ <b>AD 990</b>
<b>BONN-1960.</b>	Charcoal, Quebrada de la Vaca, dist Chala, to date pre-Spanish settlement (15° 48' S, 74° 24' W).	$1090 \pm 70$ <b>AD 860</b>
<b>BONN-1961.</b>	Charcoal, Quebrada de la Vaca, dist Chala, to date pre-Spanish settlement (15° 48' S, 74° 24' W).	$820 \pm 100$ <b>AD 1130</b>
<b>BONN-1962.</b>	Charcoal, Pampa de Taimara, dist Chala, to date pre-Spanish settlement (15° 48' S, 74° 24' W).	$150 \pm 100$ <b>AD 1800</b>
<b>BONN-1963.</b>	Charcoal, Quebrado de Mocca, dist Chala, to date pre-Spanish settlement (15° 48' S, 74° 24' W).	$490 \pm 100$ <b>AD 1460</b>
<b>BONN-1964.</b>	Wood, Inclan, Sama Grande, prov Tacna, to date pre-Spanish settlement (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	$860 \pm 60$ <b>AD 1090</b>
<b>BONN-1965.</b>	Charcoal, Lluta, dist Pachia, to date pre-Spanish settlement (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	$700 \pm 70$ <b>AD 1250</b>
<b>BONN-1966.</b>	Wood, Lluta, dist Pachia, to date pre-Spanish settlement in Caplina valley, S Peru (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	$220 \pm 100$ <b>AD 1730</b>
<b>BONN-1967.</b>	Charcoal, Challatita, dist Pachia, to date pre-Spanish settlement (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	$900 \pm 100$ <b>AD 1050</b>

<b>BONN-1968.</b>	$200 \pm 100$
	<b>AD 1750</b>
Wood, Alto de Sama, dist Inclán, to date pre-Spanish settlement (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	
<b>BONN-1969.</b>	$1560 \pm 200$
	<b>AD 390</b>
Wood, Alto de Sama, dist Inclán, to date pre-Spanish settlement (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	
<b>BONN-1970.</b>	$390 \pm 100$
	<b>AD 1560</b>
Wood, Alto de Sama, dist Inclán, to date pre-Spanish settlement (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	
<b>BONN-1971.</b>	$110 \pm 100$
	<b>AD 1840</b>
Wood, Cantalloc, Nazca-Tal, dist Nazca, to date pre- or post Columbian drainage canals (15° S, 75° W).	
<b>BONN-1972.</b>	$140 \pm 100$
	<b>AD 1810</b>
Wood, Majore, Nazca-valley, dist Nazca, to date pre- or post Columbian drainage canals (15° S, 75° W).	
<b>BONN-1975.</b>	$104.8 \pm 0.5\%$
	<b>Modern</b>
Wooden cane, relics of house wall, Lluta, dist Pachia, to date pre-Spanish settlement (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	
<b>BONN-1976.</b>	$350 \pm 100$
	<b>AD 1600</b>
Relics from house wall of wooden cane. Lluta, dist Pachia, to date pre-Spanish settlement (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	
<b>BONN-1977.</b>	$520 \pm 70$
	<b>AD 1430</b>
Relics of wooden pole, Lluta, dist Pachia, to date pre-Spanish settlement (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	
<b>BONN-1978.</b>	$104.0 \pm 0.4\%$
	<b>Modern</b>
Relics of wooden pole, Lluta, dist Pachia, to date pre-Spanish settlement (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	
<b>BONN-1979.</b>	$140 \pm 120$
	<b>AD 1810</b>
Relics of wooden house wall made of wooden cane, Lluta, dist Pachia, to date pre-Spanish settlement (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	
<b>BONN-1980.</b>	$210 \pm 100$
	<b>AD 1740</b>
Relics of wooden pole, Lluta, dist Pachia, to date pre-Spanish settlement (17° 45' S, 70° 15' W).	

**$1610 \pm 110$**

**AD 340**

**BONN-1981.**

Charcoal, Bermejo, dep Ancash, to date pre-Spanish settlement ( $10^{\circ} 30' S$ ,  $78^{\circ} W$ ).

**$2450 \pm 110$**

**AD 500**

**BONN-1982.**

Charcoal, Bermejo, dep Ancash, to date pre-Spanish settlement ( $10^{\circ} 30' S$ ,  $78^{\circ} W$ ).

Samples coll and subm 1972 by H Trimborn, Inst Anthropol, Bonn Univ. *Comment:* submitter uses dates within framework of book on pre-Spanish settlements in S Peru. For evaluation of dates, see H Trimborn (1972).

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