

JOHNSTON, THOMAS NICOL, M.B., C.M., was appointed in 1902 First Assistant and Zoologist on the staff of the Bathymetrical Survey of Scottish Lochs, conducted under the direction of Sir John Murray and Mr Laurence Pullar from 1897–1909, and took a very large part in the general superintendence of the field work from 1902–1907. Dr Johnston was a member of the British Medical Association and a Fellow of the Royal Physical Society. He married a niece of the late Sir John Murray.

He was elected a Fellow of this Society in 1903, and communicated several papers on the work of the Loch Survey. He died at Poggie, Humbie, on 6th October 1923.

LINDSAY, Rev. JAMES, M.A., B.Sc., D.D., F.G.S., M.R.A.S., F.R.S.L., etc., the eldest son of the late Mr John Cowan Lindsay, Headmaster of the Grammar School, Kilmarnock, was educated under his father, and at Glasgow University, where he had a distinguished career, graduating M.A. (1878), B.Sc. (1879), and B.D. (1882). In 1899 his Alma Mater conferred upon him the degree of D.D.

Dr Lindsay was University Extension Lecturer (Glasgow), 1886–87; Examiner to the Associated Theological Colleges (British and Colonial), Philosophy, 1897–99, and Honours Theology, 1899; Hugh Waddell Lecturer, Queen's University, Canada, 1899–1900; Member of International Congress of Psychology, Paris, 1900; Associate Editor of *Bibliotheca Sacra* since 1903; Member of International Congress of Philosophy, Heidelberg, 1908. He was a Corresponding Member of the Royal Academy of Sciences, Letters, and Arts, Padua.

Formerly the minister of St Andrew's Parish Church, Kilmarnock, he resigned this charge in 1908 in order to devote himself to the study of theology, philosophy, and literature, and was the author of many scholarly volumes published between 1892 and 1922.

Dr Lindsay was elected a Fellow of this Society in 1889, and died at Annick Lodge, Irvine, on 25th March 1923.

PARE, JOHN WILLIAM, M.D., L.D.S. R.C.S.(Eng.), received his training at the University and the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, Owens College, Manchester, and Guy's Hospital, London. He held the following appointments:—Honorary Dental Surgeon to the Royal Society of Musicians; Member of the Medical Faculty of the University of London; Vice-President, Anæsthetic Section, International Dental Congress, Berlin, 1909, and London, 1914; Lecturer for twenty-four years on Comparative

Dental Anatomy and Physiology, and Member of the Board of Dental Studies in the University of London; Staff-Demonstrator of Practical Dentistry, Guy's Hospital; Dental Surgeon, N.E. Hospital for Children and Throat Hospital, London.

Dr Pare, who was the author of a number of papers on dental science, was elected a Fellow of this Society in 1914.

SQUANCE, THOMAS COKE, M.D., F.R.M.S., Knight of Grace, Order of St John of Jerusalem (Major, R.A.M.C.), who received his medical training at the University of Durham and St Thomas's Hospital, was a Consulting Physician in the Royal Infirmary, Sunderland, and in the Monkwearmouth and Southwick Hospital. He was Medical Officer of Health for Sunderland, R.D.C.; Surgeon, Sunderland Hospital for Women and Children; Physician and Lecturer, Hygiene and Public Health to the Nursing Staff of the Royal Infirmary, Sunderland; and a past President of the Sunderland Antiquarian Society and the Naturalists' Association. Dr Squance was the author of medical papers in *Transactions Sunderland and North Durham Medical Society*, 1885-86; *Knight's Poor Law Reports*, 1889; and *The Lancet*, 1902.

He was elected a Fellow of this Society in 1906, and died on 29th May 1923, in his seventy-second year.

THOMSON, WILLIAM, F.I.C., F.C.S., was born in Glasgow in 1851, came to Manchester in 1869, and entered, as assistant to Dr Crace-Calvert, the Royal Institution Laboratory, Princess Street. At the age of twenty-two he became a partner in the firm of Crace-Calvert & Thomson, and later took sole charge of the practice, combining with it the office of Public Analyst for Stockport.

Mr Thomson joined the Manchester Literary and Philosophical Society in 1873, served on its Council for many years, and was President from 1917-19. Many of his papers on varied subjects were contributed to this Society. As recently as November last he presented to it the actual tubes, containing sulphides of calcium, barium, etc., which he demonstrated to Sir William Crookes in 1877 and which proved to be the first of three steps which led to the discovery of X-rays by Röntgen.

He was one of the original members of the Society of Chemical Industry, a leading force in the Institute of Chemistry, a member of the Executive Committee of the Air Pollution Advisory Board (Manchester Corporation), and a past President of the Caledonian Association.