

DR. LUDVIG VILHELM DAHL.

Dr. Ludvig Vilhelm Dahl, who died on the 2nd of November last, was the son of Nils G. A. Dahl, Major of Infantry in the Norwegian army, and was born at Bergen on the 18th October, 1826. He passed his preliminary examination in 1842, and took the degree of Doctor of Medicine with honours at Christiania in 1851. After filling different hospital appointments and studying some months at Vienna and Paris, Dr. Dahl was admitted as supernumerary to the asylum at Gaustad, where he remained till September, 1861, when he became Medical Officer to the House of Correction in Christiania. From 1864 to 1868 he was employed in the Medical Commission of the Home Department, and in 1871 he became director of the asylum at Rotfold. In 1875 he became director of the Norwegian Medical Department. Dr. Dahl was several times sent by the Government on medical commissions and inquiries to different parts of Europe. In 1864 he visited Switzerland, Italy, and Austria to make an inquiry about cretinism; in 1885 he was sent as delegate to the cholera conference at Rome. At the 400 years' jubilee of the University of Upsala in 1877, the degree of Doctor of Arts was conferred upon him. He also gained a silver medal at the great exhibition held at Paris in 1878, for his graphic illustrations of the statistics of disease and mortality. He was also rewarded with a gold medal from the French Academy of Medicine. Honours and decorations also came to the Norwegian physician from Denmark, Austria, Belgium, Sweden, and Italy. Dr. Dahl is author of a considerable number of treatises on medical subjects. His book, "Bidrag til Kundskab om de Sindssyge i Norge" (Contribution to our Knowledge of Insanity in Norway), Christiania, 1859, found its way into the libraries of many European neurologists. It deals mainly with the causes and distribution of insanity, and especially attracted attention by the careful way in which he traced the descent of hereditary insanity in families dwelling in the quiet valleys of Norway. Some of Dahl's genealogical tables were republished at the end of my work on idiocy and imbecility.—W. W. IRELAND.

MR. WILLIAM MILLARD.

Mr. William Millard, a man who was well known as a life-long and devoted friend to the cause of the idiot, and was highly esteemed among all classes, not only in Colchester, but throughout the Eastern Counties, passed to his rest December 6th, 1890, at his residence, Colchester, after an illness of some considerable duration. He was born in London, September 22nd, 1818, and was consequently a little over 72 years of age. His attention to the cause of the idiot commenced as far back as 1847, at which time he was superintendent of a large Sunday School, and had taken charge of three small Sunday evening Ragged Schools. Having read a letter published in the "Sunday School Teachers' Magazine" on "What can be done for the Education of Idiots?" Mr. Millard was led to think that as he had been able to gain the confidence and win the attention of rough, ragged, wild youths, he could, perhaps, benefit those lower in the scale of intellect. He made inquiries, and by invitation of Dr. Andrew Reed, the founder of the London Orphan Asylum and other charitable institutions (who was then working in the cause of the idiot), he joined his Institutory Committee, and a public meeting was held, which resulted in the founding of the Asylum for Idiots at Earlswood, and Mr. Millard commenced his 37 years' official service in the cause. In six months after the opening of Earlswood it was found necessary to open a branch asylum, and Sir Morton Peto offered the use of Essex Hall, at Colchester, at a nominal rent, and Mr. Millard brought down the first batch of patients on January 8th, 1850, while in